

The Observer

THINGS INTERESTING TO THE DEAF

VOL. IV.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1912

NO. 82

A LETTER FROM GOV. ALDRICH

State of Nebraska Executive Office.

Lincoln, Neb., Apr. 29, 1912.

Mr. Olof Hanson, Seattle, Wash.

Dear Sir: Replying to yours of the 24th inst., would say that the Nebraska law for the deaf and dumb under which we are working is being enforced along the lines for the best interests of all concerned.

Those who have studied the sign language and did not seem to be capable of making progress in the oral or lip method are permitted to go on with their studies in the sign language and that will be the case generally.

I think there is general satisfaction with the way this law is being enforced so far as the children of the State of Nebraska are concerned. I recognize that there are two absolute methods provided for the deaf and dumb: that is the sign and the oral method and each has its merits and, evidently, intense partisans.

Mr. Booth represents the oral method and is using it so far as possible and to the fullest extent. At the same time he is not unmindful of the interests of those who are using the sign method and will not do so.

Yours truly,

CHESTER H. ALDRICH.

Mr. Hanson's Reply.

Seattle, Wash., May 5, 1912.

Governor Chester H. Aldrich, Lincoln, Neb.

Dear Sir: I thank you earnestly and sincerely for your letter of Apr. 29. You say that certain pupils will be permitted "to go on with their studies in the sign language." Also that "there are two absolute methods provided for the deaf and dumb that is the sign and the oral method."

It is evident that you do not understand the true functions of the sign language in the education and training of the deaf.

It is not contended that the deaf should carry on "their studies in the sign language." It is not as a means of instruction that its use is advocated. The English language, is the medium of instruction in the school room, through speech, writing, and finger spelling. That is the policy of every well regulated Combined System. It was the policy of Mr. S. with his former superintendent of consideration. I am sorry you did not

take the trouble to visit the school and see this for yourself, instead of accepting statements to the contrary from oralists, most of whom had never visited the school.

Mr. Booth understands this perfectly. It is inexplicable to me that he can continue to misrepresent such schools by giving the impression that they use the sign language "as a substitute for English." Enclosed herewith is a letter which I recently addressed to him on this subject.

The sign language should have a place in every school for the deaf. That is for chapel services, lectures, debates, religious services, and for interpreting spoken words to the deaf. For these purposes there is nothing that can take its place. It is a beautiful language. It has been developed with great pains by true friends of the deaf. It would be unjust and unfortunate to allow it to degenerate as it would if shut out from our schools.

The orally educated deaf warmly endorse this use of the sign language. At a gathering of deaf in New York recently, where three-fourths of those present had been educated by the oral method, a vote was taken, and it was unanimously in favor of the sign language.

It is evident that the Legislature passed the oral law without fully understanding the matter, and under pressure from oralists. Concerning this law, a superintendent who retired from the profession several years ago wrote me, "I had no thought that an intelligent body of men would approve such a narrow scheme as that." But the oralists had evidently been working the Legislature. The oralists have plenty of money, and I am informed that through the Volta Bureau or list literature in plenty was supplied to members of the Legislature, and also that oralists were in Lincoln lobbying for the law.

We deaf have little money, and must depend on the justice of our cause for a fair hearing and a fair verdict. You are represented as a friend of the people, and I hope that when you understand this matter in its proper light, your influence will be on the right side.

The point for which I contend is that the sign language shall continue to be used for chapel services, lectures, debates, religious services, and

THE SEA CAPTAIN.

I have watched them wave from the crowded decks,
As my ship put out to sea,
With their smiles and tears and their joys and fears,
But most in a merry glee—
Two thousand precious human lives,
And their care was laid on me!

I have watched them wave to the crowded piers,
As they turned to their native land,
With a cheer all 'round for the homeward bound,
And a tear for the foreign strand,
Two thousand precious human lives
In the hollow of my hand!

And this is the law of the untamed sea,
Where never a law is known,
Where none may say where the right may lie,
Save me, and my word alone:
"If you bring not back these precious lives,
You must not bring back your own!"

And they haunt our sleep on the mighty deep,
And the awful waves run gray,
And no man knows when the tempest blows
What night will end the day;
But our lives are pledged that we'll bring them home,
And the pledge we always pay!

—H. F. T., in N. Y. Herald.

interpreting spoken addresses. Mr. Pooth has said that he intends to abolish it. I ask that you reverse him on that point. When you visit the school I ask that you address the pupils, have Mr. Booth interpret your words through the sign language, and you will understand better what it is than through anything I can say.

I am sorry to take up so much of your time, but since you have it in your power to do so much for either good or evil, it is only fair to ask that you give the matter sufficient attention to enable you to act intelligently and, above all, justly.

As I believe that other people interested in the subject should know the facts, I shall take the liberty of making this letter public.

Yours respectfully,

OLOF HANSON.

JIMMY AFTER TBUM.

Chief of police of this state, Jimmy Meagher, has issued a neat circular, which will be sent to police officials, judges, etc. It contains considerable valuable information relating to imposters. And if it can be brought direct to the attention of these officials will do much good.

A Letter to Mr. Booth

Seattle, April 27, 1912.

Mr. F. W. Booth,

Supt. School for the Deaf,
Omaha, Neb.

Dear Sir:

Your favor of April 1st was duly received. In this you say that you "cannot consistently do else than continue to oppose the employment of the (sign) language as a substitute for English."

"As a substitute for English!" Who asks you to employ the sign language "as a substitute for English?"

When music is used in church is it used as a substitute for the sermon and prayer? Is it not rather used as an aid to worship?

So the sign language need not be used as a substitute for English, but as an aid in the development of character, which is more important than the mere teaching of English.

You oralists are persistently and deliberately spreading the impression that schools which use signs do not teach English. You know that this is not true. The Combined System schools teach English as fully and thoroughly as oral schools.

I do not ask that signs be taught or used in the school room. But I do ask that it be used for chapel services, lectures, literary, and religious exercises. Most Combined System schools have daily chapel services and frequent lectures. Many have Christian Endeavor societies, or literary and debating clubs. For such meetings the sign language forms the only practical means of expression, and nothing can take its place. When you teach a pupil to render a hymn or tell a story in signs you are teaching signs. This is the right kind of instruction in the sign language that I ask the schools to give.

The sign language in this country has been developed by the early educators into a uniform, expressive, and beautiful means of conveying thought. If not taught in our schools it will be only a few years before it degenerates into the crude forms used in Europe. Already there has been deterioration in some states owing to the indifference or hostility toward it in some schools. It would be little less than a crime to allow our uniform and beautiful sign language to degenerate into dialects which the deaf would invent in different localities if left to their own devices.

The sign language is dear to us deaf, and will always be. It takes the place of music, so far as anything can compensate for the loss of hearing. To us grown up deaf it makes little difference, and we are not making this plea for the sign language on our own account, but for the sake of children now

in school and of coming generations, who, we know, will feel as we do when they are grown up. This is proved by the large number of orally educated deaf who warmly endorse the sign language.

It fills me with sorrow,—yes, more, Mr. Booth, it makes me indignant—that you, whose parents were deaf, should be so utterly indifferent to the often expressed wishes of the intelligent and educated deaf that the sign language be given fair treatment and due consideration in the education of the deaf.

In making this fight for the sign language I am not doing it with the expectation of any gain to myself. I do not receive one penny for my work. On the contrary, I am doing it at considerable sacrifice of time and strength. I am doing it because I believe that it should be done, and so far as it is in my power I shall try to prevent you from carrying out your expressed purpose of discontinuing the use of signs in the Nebraska school.

Bear in mind, I am not opposed to oral instruction. On the contrary I believe that the deaf should have the very best opportunities to learn speech and lip reading. But they should also have the opportunity to learn the sign language and receive the blessings and benefits which cannot be brought to them through any other agency. We want both speech and signs.

While you have refused me permission to publish your letters I do not feel under obligations to keep this letter private, and shall therefore make it public.

Yours very truly,

OLOF HANSON,

Pres. N. A. D.

THE WIFE OF THOMAS HOPKINS GALLAUDET.

Much is written of the elder Gallaudet at this season of the year, but we rarely read anything about his wife, who, though a deaf woman, was most attractive, of queenly bearing, and would attract instant attention in any company of people. One who had intimate acquaintance with the Gallaudet family, has written the following of this woman, to whom the deaf of America are so much indebted:

"She was one of the few peerless women found now and then in the world. Her face, figure, look and bearing all bore the stamp of true nobility, and without the least show of pretense or affection. In features she was regal. On the throne of England in place of Victoria, she would be the admiration of the world. It is no exaggeration to say every crowned head would seek a personal audience. Speechless as she was, her presence alone in Washington had an immense influence in persuading Congress to establish the National College for the

Deaf. Thad. Stevens, on his dying bed, sent her a note expressing the hope that she had not forgotten him. Such is the influence of a grand, queenly, but loving and kindly woman, one whom ordinary, dull, sordid or frivolous souls cannot understand."—The Pelican.

Tentative plans for the proposed Parish House of All Angels' Mission for the Deaf in Chicago have been drawn up by Mr. Olof Hanson, the deaf architect of Seattle, Wash. The blue prints show the exterior and interior views of the building. The building as Mr. Hanson sketched is modelled after the "institutes" of Manchester and Glasgow. The building will cost about \$15,000. It has two stories and basement. The ground floor consists of an office, reading room, reception room, ladies' room and chapel. The second story is wholly occupied by an auditorium, with a spacious stage. The basement is given for recreation purposes, such as bowling alleys, basket ball and other forms of amusements as are popular in ordinary parish houses. In the back will be a large kitchen room and boiler room with lavatories. The need of such style of building in Chicago is urged by the attractiveness of the popular rendezvous of immoral influences and the inability of the Pas-a-Pas Club to maintain its highest standard of efficiency and character and to maintain itself in view of the high rental. The plans have met with approval of prominent deaf people, and it is hoped that the parish house will be the permanent center of the activity in uplifting the deaf as an ordinary Y. M. C. A. is in any city. The Building and Lot Fund has passed the \$1,000 mark. Subscription books are being distributed to those who wish to help in canvassing for the fund. The campaign has just been begun in earnest, and it is expected that a sufficient amount will be raised to secure a lot for the site of the Institute before very long. The completion of the plant will mark the beginning of a new era of social and spiritual life of the deaf in Chicago.—The Silent Churchman.

DEAF MUTES CONFIRMED.

Chicago, April 29.—Sixty deaf mutes, members of the Protestant Episcopal Church, were confirmed here last night by Bishop Charles P. Anderson. Their pastor, Rev. George M. Flick, stood at the side of Bishop Anderson and translated in the sign language the prayers and exhortations during the ceremony. "The measure of a man's real character is what he would do if he knew it would never be found out."—Ex.

"If you soar, soar;

If you burrow, burrow

But, whatever you do

Be thorough, be th

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THE OBSERVER

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, MAY 9, '12

AGATHA TIEGEL HANSON, EDITOR
W. S. ROOT - - - Associate Editor

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OUR GALLAUDET GRADUATES.

We were favored with an invitation to the Presentation Day exercises at Gallaudet, which took place May 1. We would have much enjoyed to see again "the green called Kendall" in its lovely spring attire, and to have greeted our friends there. Two of the young people who graduate this year from the classic halls at Washington are well known to us. One is Miss Alice Hammond, a graduate of the Vancouver School, and the other Mr. Adolph N. Struck, who was a resident of Seattle for one winter a couple of years ago. We extend our congratulations to them, and wish them success in the wider and larger school of the world which they are about to enter.

There are twenty graduates this year.

HOW THEY OBTAINED THEIR HOME.

Mrs. C. R. Neillie, under the name of Mrs. Pigeon, tells in the Ohio Chronicle in a simple and charming style, how she and her good husband earned their own home. Not less interesting than the story of how the home was won is the insight given into the characters of both husband and wife. What fine courage, patience, and self-denial! What love for each other and for their children! What a brave and noble sense of independence! What honest pride and pleasure in their toil and the fruits of it! Mr. Neillie we already know, for he is a graduate of our own school in Western Pennsylvania and was with us at college. But we also want to shake hands with his wife, and tell her that we consider her made of the right stuff.

DAT BUFF AND BLUE.

An appeal was sent out not long ago the Alumni of Gallaudet College to become subscribers to the Buff and Blue. Certainly, all the Alumni should have interest enough in their Alma Mater to make this small outlay. But we are told that only half of the undergraduates are subscribers. We think that every one of them should be a subscriber to the Buff and Blue willy nilly, and that before any appeals are sent to the Alumni. We live very close to the University of Washington, and have long been interested in the excellent four-page daily paper published by the students in the School of Journalism. Each and every student who registers at the start of the fall semester is required to pay a registration fee of five dollars. One dollar of every fee goes to the support of the daily paper. As there are 2,600 students, there is a yearly fund of \$2,600 for the running expenses, including salary of editor. It appears to us that the Gallaudet undergraduates should all be assessed each year for the support of their college journal.

* THAT HOME FUND EDITION.

The Home Fund Edition of the Washingtonian reached us last week. The typographical arrangement by Foreman Meagher and his boys was very good.

The issue contains considerable instructive matter regarding Eastern homes for the aged deaf.

The deaf of this state seem to be united in the belief that a home for the aged and infirm deaf is a good thing. The only question of difference is the method of procedure.

If the proceeds from this edition can be boosted up to four figures those having it in charge will have made a great advancement. R.

Harry Hortop and his sister took a trip to Harser, Wash., the first of the week. Harry hopes to get a position on a chicken ranch at that place and learn how to hatch eggs and raise fowls.

TACOMA.

The sudden death of Sidney Chase, who was found dead in bed the morning of April 23 was a great shock to his relatives and friends. Although he had been under the doctor's care for heart trouble for some months he had seemed in unusually good health and spirits for some time previous.

The funeral was held from Millingers' Thursday afternoon and was largely attended by hearing and deaf alike.

Rev. Thomas of the First Baptist church delivered an impressive service and Mrs. Seeley interpreted for the deaf from copy furnished by the pastor.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5)

SOCIALISM.

While conversing we have noticed that deaf acquaintance of ours towards socialism. That unpleasant with regret the tendency of this or and threatening element in modern civilization has been more than usually conspicuous lately. Here in Seattle our good Judge Frater has nailed Old Glory above his seat in the court room, and refused citizenship papers to a man who placed allegiance to his labor union above loyalty to the government. When the socialists attempted to carry their red flag in a parade on May Day it was promptly taken away from them. The Stars and Stripes were trampled under foot by the angry socialists, but it was at once rescued by indignant bystanders. In New York, where the national emblem was treated in the same way, it was rescued by a woman.

Incidents like the above rouse the anger of every true American man and woman. We do not believe that any of the deaf are in sympathy with this unful and destructive element among the people. When a few of them say they like the socialist ideas it is chiefly from a hope that better times might come with a change of administration. They do not realize the calamity, the ruin and anarchy, that would reign with the red rag socialists in power. It should be the duty of the leaders among the deaf all over the land to point out these evils, and to show the advantage in every way of a law-abiding and contented community.

MASTER OF THE LINOTYPE.

A letter from Gilman T. Nordhousen locates him at Cando, N. D. He is operating a junior linotype and has full charge of it. A standard machine is soon to take the place of the junior. Mr. Nordhousen is still in love with Washington and will return to this state at the first good opportunity.

KOBERSTEIN IN LUCK.

The other afternoon August Koberstein attended a moving picture show and won a lot in a drawing contest. The lot is located in California and if he lives it may yet make him rich. Mr. Koberstein, however, is prone to have trouble. The earthquake shook him out of San Francisco with all desire to live there. While en route to Alaska a few years ago the ship he was on encountered a terrible storm and all were expecting to go to the bottom. Last week Mr. Koberstein returned from Bellingham on the Sioux City, as the boat approached the dock an ocean-going vessel became unmanageable, smashed a dock, sunk a smaller vessel and very nearly sunk the Sioux City.

Maurice Miller of Tacoma expects to leave for Alaska very shortly.

Robert Paterson, late of Spokane, is in Seattle. He has secured a job as cabinet maker.

A letter from Mabel Scanlan reports her well and greatly enjoying her life at college.

George Schmidt and Joseph Kitzinger came down from Vancouver, B. C., last week.

Reports from Alaska are that Jesse West is now foreman of the machine shop where he works.

Harry Augustus of Dayton, Ohio, has been visiting in Seattle. He expects to join Jesse West in Alaska soon.

The three oldest little Wright girls were the guests of the little Hanson girls to a moving picture show last Saturday.

William Sneve of Silvania, Wash., was in town one day last week. He is at work on a farm. He promises to come oftener hereafter.

On May Day the editor was the happy recipient of a beautiful red rose, the gift of Mrs. Swangren, who herself plucked it out-of-doors at Kirkland on April 28.

The other Sunday a number of the special friends of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Wright called on them to bid them goodbye. It was intended only as a short call, but before the company were aware of it, it had been prolonged and Mrs. Wright had slipped out to the kitchen and prepared a fine lunch.

The At Home given by Mrs. Wright to the deaf ladies on the afternoon of April 25 was a very pleasant gathering. Each lady told as much of the story of her courtship days as she was willing the company should know. Refreshments were served, and the guests thoroughly enjoyed themselves. All regretted the approaching departure of their hostess for the country.

P. S. A. D. MEETING.

The Puget Sound Association of the Deaf had its regular business meeting in Carpenters' Hall Saturday evening, April 13.

Trustee Hanson reported a further receipt of \$7 interest money.

It was voted to invest \$100 of the money now in the bank in the purchase of another municipal improvement bond.

The meeting was briefly addressed by the Rev. Mr. Reinke, a Lutheran minister from Chicago, who is on the Pacific coast to consider the advisability of starting there a mission for the deaf.

The program closed with an interesting lecture by Mr. Axling on the Panama canal.

The social held on the evening of April 27 was largely attended. Whist was the order of the evening. The usual aggregation of prizes were won and given. Messrs. Augustus of Ohio,

Paterson of Spokane and Miller of Tacoma were present.

The monthly business meeting of the local society will be held this week, Saturday evening. As far as known the blackboard question will not be reconsidered.

MAGNUS O. SMITH.

The deaf of Seattle were much surprised on reading last Friday morning's papers to come across an account of the death of M. O. Smith.

Mr. Smith's body was found on the car track in front of Ravens Park at 2:30 a. m. Friday. The discovery was made by a motorman on a trolley car. He was unable to stop the car till the forward truck had passed over the prostrate form. The car crew and coroner say the body was cold when taken from under the car. The dead man's pockets were empty, and there are indications of foul play, but as yet no conclusive evidence has been obtained connecting any one with it.

Mr. Smith was born in Iceland in 1865. He spent eight years in Copenhagen, Denmark, at school. While there he learned the shoemaking trade. He came to Canada some 25 years ago. Lived at Winnipeg for 19 years, then moved to California, where he resided three years; then came to Seattle, where he has since made his abode. He opened a shoe shop on 14th Ave. N. E., near the State University, where he built up a prosperous business.

Mr. Smith was well liked by the deaf. He was one of the best chess players in the city.

He was a member of the Puget Sound Association of the Deaf.

The funeral was held at Butterworth chapel last Sunday afternoon. The remains were held for a few days awaiting investigation.

He is survived by a widow, one daughter 21 years old, and a son about 14. Mrs. Smith is a hearing woman.

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Why?

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Also come and meet your fellow deaf for a social time, intellectual advancement and moral uplift.

Business meeting, second Saturday night of each month. Social, fourth Saturday night of each month.

Meeting at Carpenter Hall, Fourth Avenue just north of Pine Street.

Officers:

President—True Partridge.

Vice-President—Mrs. A. W. Wright.

Secretary—Mrs. Agatha Hanson.

Treasurer—L. C. Christensen.

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The Silent Review

A Semi-monthly, Eight-page Illustrated Magazine of Encouragement and Self-help.
A Journal for the Deaf that Brings its readers and their interests together.

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Right Living.**

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Lexington, Missouri.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

OLOF HANSON
Architect—50 Downs Block
709 Second Ave. Seattle, Wash.

There were many beautiful floral pieces on display—a large bunch of calla lillies from the Vancouver school, a pillow of Easter lillies and pink carnations with the letters T. S. C. formed of purple violets, from the Tahoma Social Circle, of which Sidney was a member. A wreath of white roses and carnations from the People's Store and many other offerings from individual friends. The pall bearers were Messrs. Foster, Thomas, Hammond, Minnick, Miller and Skoglund.

The remains were cremated.

Mr. Garrison announces that he has at last succeeded in mashing one of his fingers.

Mr. M. Miller has gone to Alaska with his brother to remain until late in October.

Mrs. Hammond has another attack of chicken fever. She has one of the most serious symptoms of that malady—counting the chickens before they are hatched.

Mr. Rowan's hair has lost its erst while lovely curl. It all happened the first day he began to work in Calvary cemetery. That was a week ago and Mr. Rowan now says he wouldn't be afraid to work there at night even. "Of course, there are ghosts, but after you get acquainted with them the spirits are not so bad and some of them are mighty good." He ought to know!

A very pleasant time was had at

the reception given at the Slegel's in honor of Mrs. Ruby Rosenfeldt, Sunday, May 5th. Dainty refreshments were served. Mrs. Rosenfeldt will probably remain in Tacoma until June.

The T. S. C. held its semi-annual election of officers Sunday, April 28th. The new officers of the club are: Mr. Eaton, president; Mr. J. Skoglund, vice-president; Mr. J. Moore, secretary; Mrs. Seeley, treasurer; Mrs. Eaton, doorkeeper. The next meeting will take place May 26th.

Mr. Garrison was elected a member of the club at the last meeting.

Messrs. Skoglund and Garrison had dinner with the Seeleys the evening of May 1st and afterwards played "500."

Mrs. Hutson was around visiting friends last week. She intends going back to Wisconsin with her mother this summer for a visit.

Any young lady, not under 16 or over 40, wishing to possess a genuine diamond ring, value \$40.39, should send her name, address and photo to Mr. Garrison, P. O. Box, 547, Tacoma, Wash.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Saturday evening, April 13th, the Frats gave a supper at the Ivy & Williams Ave. Hall. The feast was a good one and a neat sum was put in the treasury.

Rev. Reinke of Chicago preached to the deaf and hearing people at the Lutheran Church Sunday afternoon, April 28th. There was a large audience and every one was attentive to his very interesting and touching sermon. He has been asked to preach again when he returns from California, which he has consented to do.

The social at the Church of the Strangers, April 19th, was quite a success, about 50 being present. Various games were played followed by light refreshments. The affair was a thoroughly enjoyable one.

Rev. and Mrs. Du Bois tendered a party to the deaf Friday evening, May 3rd, at the parsonage. There were more than 50 guests who enjoyed themselves immensely. Ice cream and cookies were served.

A dozen from here attended the play of "Merchant of Venice" at the Vancouver school April 27th.

Mrs. Cloyde Stegner and daughter, Mabel, start on May 26th, for the East, where they will spend the summer visiting relatives and friends.

George Druck has been on the sick list, but is much better and hopes to be among his friends again before long.

Joe Jorg has been under treatment for sore eyes and is now wearing glasses.

OREGONIAN.

FOR THE DEAF

DO YOU WANT TO BE AN INDEPENDENT FARMER?

You can make \$400 per acre on the Cross S Ranch. Located in Zavalla and Dimmit Counties, 95 miles southwest of San Antonio, Texas.

THE SOIL is very rich and needs no fertilizer. The climate is splendid, very dry and not too hot. Plenty of the purest artesian water cheap for irrigation and drinking.

CRYSTAL CITY has 2000 people; 2 railroads, electric lights, telephones, a \$30,000 high school and is growing rapidly.

MANY DEAF plan to go there. Eight deaf mutes have already purchased land on the Ranch and will move there in the fall. Why not be one of them?

You can make lots of money in bees, chickens, fruit and vegetables. WE GUARANTEE \$100 per acre. That is 1-4 of what you can make. We teach you everything free. You do not need to know how to farm. Prof. F. W. Mally, a Government Expert there all time, teaches all farmers free. WE WILL PROVE THAT FARMERS ARE MAKING \$400 per acre from their land or pay your fare there and back. There is no trick, no drawback about this. Titles, liens, land, water rights and everything is clear and without flaw.

A deaf man is at the head of this Department and himself own land there. There are no cyclones, no mosquitos, no fevers, or insect pests to trouble you. The winters are warm and summers pleasant. You can make a beautiful home for yourself, and earn plenty of money on ten or 20 acres. You have three years to pay for the land.

Blue Book and full information free.

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1111 Schiller Building, Chicago, Illinois

The Gallaudet Monument at Hartford

At the last Convention of the National Association of the Deaf in Colorado Springs a request was received from the New England Gallaudet Monument Association to assist in repairing the Gallaudet monument at Hartford. The matter was referred to the Executive Committee for action.

The monument was erected in 1854, by money contributed by the deaf. No hearing people were allowed to contribute. It is built of granite and marble. The marble is crumbling, due to climatic conditions. Unless substantially repaired soon, it will fall to ruin. Some temporary repairs have been made by the Hartford School, but the Directors of the School do not feel justified in going to the expense of restoring the monument so as to last permanently.

Shall this monument be allowed to fall to ruin?

As one of the most respected deaf in the country has said, it would be to the everlasting shame of the American deaf to allow it to go to ruin.

It is a monument not only to Gallaudet, but to the deaf of half a century ago who had the spirit to raise the money and build the monument.

There never was and never will be another monument like it erected exclusively by the deaf.

Shall not the deaf of today prove themselves as worthy as those of fifty years ago?

Surely we should.

Here we have an opportunity to prove that we are worthy of the work of Gallaudet.

More than that we can demonstrate to the world that we are not paupers and beggars as many people think, but industrious and self-respecting citizens.

And it can be done with very little sacrifice, if all the deaf will join in the work. There are at least 50,000 deaf who can contribute to this cause. If each will give a dime we shall have \$5000.00, or more than enough for the purpose. Of course not all will give, and some may give less, but many will doubtless give more, and all are requested to give as much as they can.

About \$1500.00 is needed. Any money not needed for repairs will be placed in the Endowment Fund of the N. A. D.

The Executive Committee has decided on Gallaudet's birthday, December 10, 1912, as the day for raising the money. We want to raise it all in one day. All the deaf in the country are requested to

arrange meetings on or about Dec. 10th next, and contribute to the fund. We want ALL the deaf to join in this movement.

Dr. T. F. Fox of New York, Dr. J. B. Hotchkiss and Mr. Harley D. Drake of Gallaudet College, have been appointed a committee to have charge of raising the fund, and will arrange further details.

All school papers for the deaf are requested to copy this announcement and keep the subject before the deaf until next December.

The knocker, of which we deaf are blessed with more than our share, will doubtless say that the plan will not work. Nothing will work if the knocker has his way. But if the knocker will turn booster, it will work. So it is to be hoped that all will pull together for once.

The names of all contributors will be published, those in each state in the school paper of that state. It has been suggested that the names be placed in the monument, and this will probably be done.

OLOF HANSON,

Pres. N. A. D.

Seattle, April 24, 1912.

WHEN ROSY MAY COMES IN WI' FLOWERS.

When rosy May comes in wi' flowers
To deck her gay green-spreading bowers,
Then busy, busy, are his hours—
The gardener wi' his paidle.

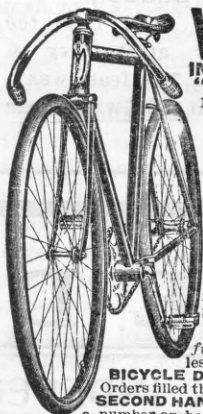
The crystal waters gently fa';
The merry birds are lovers a';
The scented breezes round him blaw—
The gardener wi' his paidle.

When purple morning starts the hare
To steal upon her early fare,
Then through the dew he maun repair—
The gardener wi' his paidle.

When day, expiring in the west,
The curtain draws of nature's rest,
He flies to her arms he lo'es the best—
The gardener wi' his paidle.

—Robert Burns.

Cecil was accustomed to hearing his mother telephone for everything she needed. One day as he entered the pantry, a little mouse scampered across the floor. Very much frightened, he jumped up and down screaming: "O mother, phone for the cat! Please phone for the cat!"—Success Magazine.



WANTED--A RIDER AGENT

IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer at once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow **TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL** during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and you will not be out one cent.

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save \$10 to \$25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. **DO NOT BUY** a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *lowest* prices.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from \$3 to \$9 or \$10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the regular retail prices.

\$10.00 Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof \$4.80
Self-healing Tires A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY

The regular retail price of these tires is \$10.00 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for \$4.80 (cash with order \$4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES NAILS, Tacks, or Glass will not let the air out. A hundred thousand pairs sold last year.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape.

We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture-resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is \$10.00 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only \$4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price \$4.55 per pair) if you send **FULL CASH WITH ORDER** and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at **OUR** expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our Big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. **DO NOT THINK OF BUYING** a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it **NOW**.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.



Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D" also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.